Legislative Budget Office of the Legislative Service Commission January 2025

Taxable Value

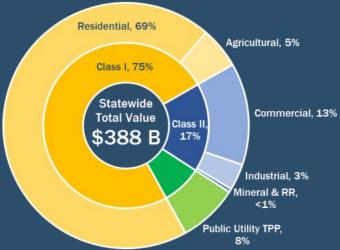
Tax Rates

Tax Revenue

<u>Real Property</u> is generally assessed at 35% of true value. <u>Public Utility Tangible Personal Property (TPP)</u> is assessed at rates ranging between 24% and 88%.

Residential and agricultural property comprise roughly **75%** of state total taxable value

Statewide Composition of Taxable Value, TY 2023



District property values per pupil vary widely

Avg. Taxable Value Per Pupil by Wealth Quintile, FY 2025



Types of property tax levies

Generally, school districts use five different types of levies:

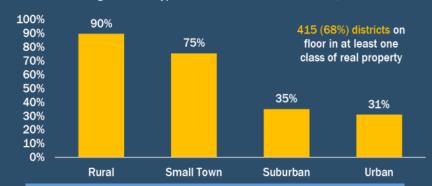
Unvoted	Within 10 mill limitation (inside mills)
Require voter approval	Current expense (operating) levies Emergency and substitute levies Permanent improvement levies Bond debt service levies

Tax reduction factors

Ohio limits tax revenue growth on existing (previously taxed) real property by applying tax reduction factors to certain levies, which lower millage rates below the voted rate. However, a school district's combined real property millage from current expense levies and inside mills for operating expenses cannot fall below 20 effective mills (the "20 mill floor").

83% of rural & small town districts are on the 20 mill floor

Percentage of Each Type of District on the 20 Mill Floor, TY 2023

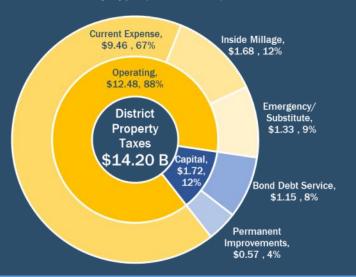


Statewide, school districts levied a weighted average of about 37 effective mills across all types of property taxes in TY 2023

The median district levied 30 effective mills 65% of districts levied between 24 and 40 effective mills

School districts levied \$14.2 billion in property taxes in TY 2023, mostly for operating expenses

School District Property Tax by Levy Purpose and Major Levy Type (\$ in billions), TY 2023



The state pays \$1.2 billion of school property taxes each year through various property tax relief programs

The state reimburses school districts for the following credits that lower the tax paid by qualifying property taxpayers:

- Rollbacks: 10% of tax on all residential and agricultural property and additional 2.5% of tax on owner-occupied homes
 - **♦ Apply to levies enacted prior to November 2013**
- Homestead exemption for the elderly or disabled
 - ♦ Means-tested for those who became eligible after 2013;
 \$40,000: the earning limit for 2025
 - Standard threshold: exempts the first \$28,000 of true value; Enhanced threshold: \$56,000 for disabled veterans and spouses of certain deceased public service officers. Both thresholds are adjusted for inflation each year.