88% of bed days at Ohio's regional psychiatric hospitals were for forensic patients

Ohio Regional Psychiatric Hospital Data, CY 2025				
Hospital (City)	**Bed Capacity**	**Civil Bed Days**	**Forensic Bed Days**	**Total Bed Days**
Appalachian Behavioral Healthcare (Athens)	92	6,321	26,546	32,867
Heartland Behavioral Healthcare (Massillon)	152	9,850	43,097	52,947
Northcoast Behavioral Healthcare (Northfield)	258	4,209	88,110	92,319
Northwest Ohio Psychiatric Hospital (Toledo)	114	2,382	36,792	39,174
Summit Behavioral Healthcare (Cincinnati)	291	14,011	81,882	95,893
Central Ohio Behavioral Healthcare (Columbus)**	260	13,142	76,372	89,514
Total	**1,167**	**49,915**	**352,799**	**402,714**

*This encompasses Ohio Administrative Knowledge System (OAKS) expenditures related to "hospital services" program codes. Some remaining American Rescue Plan Act funds are also included, but capital funds are not.
**These numbers include the Timothy B. Moritz Forensic Unit, a 52-bed maximum-security facility.
Sources: Ohio Department of Behavioral Health; OAKS

- The Ohio Department of Behavioral Health (DBH) oversees the state's six regional psychiatric hospitals (RPHs). In FY 2025, about $376.7 million was expended on RPHs. This includes about $13.0 million in funding for outpatient mental health services provided by RPHs to individuals in the community.*
  - GRF contributed the bulk (88%), while the remainder consisted of federal and state non-GRF sources (roughly 3% and 9%, respectively).
- In 2025, the bed capacity at these facilities was 1,167. 88% of bed days were for forensic patients.
  - Civil patients are unable to receive care at other hospitals for a variety of reasons (e.g., lack of beds, patient's needs, lack of payer source for available beds, etc.). Their average length of stay is about ten days.
  - Forensic patients are sent to the RPH by an Ohio court (e.g., for competency or not guilty by reason of insanity evaluations). Their length of stay is usually for a longer duration.