Department of Natural Resources			Main Operating Appropriations Bill H.B. 110
Executive	As Passed By House	In Senate Finance	
	Fund; (2) Forestry Minerals Royalty Fund; and (3) Parks Mineral Royalty Fund. Eliminates signing fees, rentals, and royalty payments received by a state agency for leases of land for oil and gas development when the land is owned or controlled by the Division of Wildlife in the Department of Natural Resources as a source of revenue for the Wildlife Habitat Fund. Eliminates a requirement that 30% of proceeds from a lease for oil and gas development under a state park be deposited into the fund that supports that state park.		
No provision.	Requires every state agency to lease a parcel of land for oil and gas exploration, development, and production on terms that are just and reasonable (as determined by the custom and practice of the oil and gas industry) until the Commission adopts rules specifying requirements and procedures for the lease of such land.	Same as the House.	
No provision.	Adds both of the following elements to the required standard lease form that must be used by a state agency (current law only specifies that the lease form include at least a 1/8th royalty): (1) a prohibition against the use of the surface of the parcel of land for oil and gas development without the execution by the state agency of a standard surface use agreement and (2) a limited warranty of title by the state agency to the lessee.	Same as the House.	
No provision.	Requires the Commission to establish a standard surface use agreement form that must be used by a state agency to authorize the use of the surface of a parcel of land leased. Specifies that the Commission is not subject to certain administrative rulemaking restrictions when adopting new rules.	Same as the House.	

Department of Natural Resources			Main Operating Appropriations Bill H.B. 110
Executive	As Passed By House	In Senate Finance	
No provision.	Requires the Commission to hold a meeting regarding a nomination of a parcel of land for lease no later than 90 days (rather than 120 days, as in current law) after receipt of the nomination.	Same as the House.	
No provision.	Requires a state agency to submit any special terms or conditions it believes should apply to a lease of a parcel of land because of specific conditions related to that land at the time of submission of comments and objections regarding the nomination of that parcel, rather than after that parcel has been approved for nomination by the Commission, as in current law. Eliminates a corresponding requirement that the Commission notify the state agency of the nomination and request any special terms or conditions be submitted to the Commission within 60 days of the notice.	Same as the House.	
No provision.	Eliminates specified property classification requirements and procedures (classes 1 through 4) that currently apply to the nomination and lease of state agency-owned land for oil and gas development.	Same as the House.	
No provision.	Authorizes any person or a state agency to nominate a parcel of land owned by the state agency, rather than only an owner who has the right to drill for oil or gas, as in current law.	Same as the House.	
No provision.	Requires the Commission to establish procedures and requirements for publishing notice of nominated parcels on the Commission's web site, rather than requiring the Director of Natural Resources to do so on the Department's web site.	Same as the House.	
No provision.	Requires any person nominating a state agency-owned parcel for lease to the Commission to submit the opinion of an attorney, prepared not earlier than one year immediately preceding the nomination date, explaining the status of title	Same as the House.	

Department of Natural Resources	Main Operating Appropriations Bill H.B. 110	
Executive	As Passed By House	In Senate Finance
	of the mineral rights underlying the nominated parcel of land.	
No provision.	Requires the Commission to advertise bids for all leases and post the deadline for submission of bids on its web site rather than the Department of Natural Resources as under current law.	Same as the House.
No provision.	Requires the Commission to hire at least one person to provide clerical and other services, rather than requiring the Department of Natural Resources to furnish those services and legal and technical services, as in current law.	Same as the House.
	Fiscal effect: Uncertain. As of April 2021, the Oil and Gas Leasing Commission had not adopted rules regarding leasing state land for oil and gas development.	Fiscal effect: Same as the House.
DNRCD6 Forestry projects on federal land - timber sales		
R.C. 1503.05, 1503.271	R.C. 1503.05, 1503.271	R.C. 1503.05, 1503.271
Allows the Chief of the Division of Forestry to enter into agreements with the federal government for forest management projects, including timber sales, pursuant to specified federal statutes. Allows the Chief of the Division of Forestry to sell timber and other forest products from federal lands in accordance with the terms of an agreement with the federal government. (Under current law the Chief may sell timber and forest products from state forests and state forest nurseries.)	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
Requires the Chief to deposit money received from timber sales from federal lands into the established State Forest Fund. Specifies that, in addition to fund uses allowed under current law, the fund also may be used for forest management projects associated with federal lands in the case of revenues received pursuant to agreements entered	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.

Department of Natural Resources		Main Operating Appropriations Bill H.B. 110
Executive	As Passed By House	In Senate Finance
into with the federal government.		
Fiscal effect: Unknown increase in revenue deposited to the credit of the State Forest Fund (Fund 5090) used to support operations and maintenance of state forests. The bill's expansion of permissible uses of money in Fund 5090, allowing expenditures of revenue received from the sale of timber or forest products on federal land to be used for projects on federal land under an agreement with the federal government, may also result in increased expenditures from Fund 5090.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.
DNRCD8 ODNR wildfire reimbursement to firefighting agencies		
R.C. 1503.141	R.C. 1503.141	R.C. 1503.141
Allows the Director of Natural Resources to reimburse firefighting agencies and private fire companies for costs associated with wildfire suppression, prescribed fire assistance, or emergency response support to federal agencies, if those costs are eligible in accordance with an agreement between the Division of Forestry and the federal government.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
Fiscal effect: Under current law, the DNR Director may designate up to \$200,000 from Fund 5090 for wildfire suppression payments to firefighting agencies and private fire companies. Additional payments to these entities for assistance with fire activities on federal land will result in increased expenditures from Fund 5090.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.

Department of Natural Resources		Main Operating Appropriations Bi H.B. 11	
Executive	As Passed By House	In Senate Finance	
DNRCD7 State worker assistance with out-of-state forest fires			
R.C. 1503.33	R.C. 1503.33	R.C. 1503.33	
Specifies that any state employees whom the Chief of the Division of Forestry sends to another state to assist with forest fires, not solely employees of that Division, as under current law, are eligible for regular employment benefits (i.e., compensation, pension, indemnity fund rights, and workers' compensation) and are immune from civil liability when performing duties within the scope of employment.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive, but narrows the provision so that the changes only apply to employees of the departments of Natural Resources and Commerce.	
Fiscal effect: None.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	
DNRCD4 Eliminate Ohio Geology license plate			
R.C. 1505.09, 4503.515 (repealed)	R.C. 1505.09, 4503.515 (repealed)	R.C. 1505.09, 4503.515 (repealed)	
Eliminates the Ohio Geology license plate and the corresponding \$15 contribution that is deposited into the Geological Mapping Fund and that the Chief of the Division of Geological Survey may use to (1) award grants to geology departments at state colleges and universities for graduate level research, or (2) give educational materials such as rock and mineral kits to elementary or secondary schools. Allows, instead, the Chief to use any money in the Geological Mapping Fund for the above purposes, and allows the Chief to use the money to provide grants for undergraduate geological research.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.	
Fiscal effect: None. Although the bill eliminates the Ohio Geology license plate and the corresponding \$15 contribution to the Geological Mapping Fund (Fund 5110), because this plate is not currently issued by the Bureau of Motor Vehicles, the change will have no fiscal effect.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	

Department of Natural Resources		Main Operating Appropriations Bill H.B. 110
Executive	As Passed By House	In Senate Finance
DNRCD16 Defective well casing and plugging requirements		
R.C. 1509.12	R.C. 1509.12	R.C. 1509.12
(1) Prohibits any person (rather than only the owner of a well) from constructing a well that causes damage to other permeable strata, underground sources of drinking water, or the surface of the land or that threatens the public health and safety or the environment.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
(2) Prohibits any person or an owner of a well from operating a well that causes the damages specified above or threatens the public health and safety or the environment.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
(3) Retains current law that prohibits the owner of a well from allowing defective casing in a well to leak fluid or gases, but eliminates the requirement that the leak must cause the damages specified above, or threaten the public health and safety or the environment.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
(4) Requires the person who constructed the well or the owner of the well to notify the Chief of the Division of Oil and Gas Resources Management of well or casing defects in writing within 24 hours of discovering the defect.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
(5) Requires the owner of the well or the person who constructed the well to immediately repair any defects or plug the well.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
(6) Specifies that the Chief may order a person who constructed a well or the owner of the well to plug it.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
(7) Prohibits any person, rather than only the owner as in current law, from failing or refusing to plug the well as specified in the order.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.

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Executive	As Passed By House	In Senate Finance
(8) Applies existing civil and criminal penalties to any violation of the prohibitions.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
Fiscal effect: Potential additional revenue being deposited to the credit of the Oil and Gas Well Fund (Fund 5180) as a result of fines and civil penalties. Under continuing law, civil penalties may be assess up to \$10,000 for each violation and criminal fines of between \$100 and \$1,000 for a first offense and between \$200 and \$2,000 for additional offenses.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.
DNRCD17 Oil and gas well plugging		
R.C. 1509.13	R.C. 1509.13	R.C. 1509.13
(1) Authorizes the holder of a valid drilling permit to obtain approval from the Division of Oil and Gas Resources Management to plug a well without a permit to plug and abandon if an oil and gas inspector approves the plugging and either of the following apply: (1) the well was drilled to total depth and the well cannot or will not be completed, or (2) the well is a lost hole or a dry hole.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
(2) Requires a permit holder plugging a well that was drilled to a total depth and that cannot or will not be completed to do so within 30 days of inspector approval.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
(3) Requires a permit holder plugging a lost hole or dry hole to do so immediately after determining that the well is a lost hole or dry hole in accordance with rules.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
(4) Clarifies that the Chief may plug and abandon wells without a permit to do so.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
(5) Specifies that the \$250 application fee for a permit to plug and abandon a well is nonrefundable and applies even if oil and gas has not been produced from the well.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.

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Executive	As Passed By House	In Senate Finance	
(6) Requires any person undertaking plugging, other than a well owner already required to maintain an insurance policy under current law, to obtain \$1 million in bodily injury and property damage insurance coverage or \$3 million if the well is in an urbanized area.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.	
(7) Requires a person to electronically submit proof of that insurance to the Chief upon the Chief's request.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.	
Fiscal effect: Minimal. Allowing someone who hold a valid drilling permit to plug wells without a permit to plug and abandon under certain circumstances may result in a minimal reduction of revenue deposited to the credit of the Oil and Gas Well Fund (Fund 5180). The fee for plug and abandon permits is set at \$250 under continuing law.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	
DNRCD3 Performance security for coal mining operations			
R.C. 1513.08	R.C. 1513.08	R.C. 1513.08	
Requires a coal mining and reclamation permittee to submit full performance security instead of using partial security and money from the existing Reclamation Forfeiture Fund for purposes of land reclamation if: (1) ownership and operational control of the permittee has been transferred, assigned, or sold, and (2) the transferee has not held a mining permit in Ohio for at least five years. Specifies that this restriction applies even if the status and name of the permittee otherwise remain the same.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.	
Fiscal effect: Potential reduction in costs from the Reclamation Forfeiture Fund (Fund 5310). This fund is used to pay costs of reclaiming land affected by coal mining on which the coal mine operator has defaulted on the operator's obligation to reclaim the land.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	

Department of Natural Resources		Main Operating Appropriations Bill H.B. 110
Executive	As Passed By House	In Senate Finance
DNRCD18 Water well, water diversion, and water withdrawal fine	s	
R.C. 1521.06, 1521.99	R.C. 1521.06, 1521.99	R.C. 1521.06, 1521.99
Requires criminal fines collected from violators of certain laws governing water well construction logs and water diversions and withdrawals to be credited to the Water Management Fund (Fund 5160) rather than the Dam Safety Fund (Fund 6150) as under current law.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
Fiscal effect: This change will not impact the amount of fine revenue collected but will affect the allowable uses of that revenue. Fund 5160, which would receive the revenue under the bill, is used by DNR for administration of its water management activities including the consumptive use and withdrawal programs. Fund 6150, which receives the fine revenue under current law is used to administer dam safety programs, including oversight of construction and safety inspections of dams and for emergency response to dam hazards.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.
DNRCD14 Dams and levees financial responsibility		
R.C. 1521.061	R.C. 1521.061	R.C. 1521.061
Revises the amount of the surety bond that an applicant for a dam or levee construction permit must file (currently, a flat 50% of the estimated construction project costs), to the following: (1) \$50,000; plus (2) 25% of the estimated costs above \$500,000 and up to \$5,000,000; plus (3) 10% of the estimated costs exceeding \$5,000,000.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
Authorizes the Chief of the Division of Water Resources to reduce the bond amount to an amount equal to the cost estimate of construction activities necessary to render the dam nonhazardous, provided the estimate is provided by the	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.

Department of Natural Resources	Main Operating Appro	
Executive	As Passed By House	In Senate Finance
applicant and it is approved by the Chief.		
Fiscal effect: Uncertain. Any fiscal effect will depend upon actual construction costs of a dam on which the permittee to construct the dam fails to complete the construction. For dams with construction costs greater than \$100,000, forfeiture of the surety by the permittee will result in less revenue deposited to the Dam Safety Fund (Fund 6150) than under current law.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.
DNRCD13 Dams and levees enforcement		
R.C. 1521.40	R.C. 1521.40	R.C. 1521.40
Authorizes the Chief of the Division of Water Resources to assess a civil penalty of up to \$5,000 per day for each day of each violation of the laws governing dams and levees and water withdrawals and diversions or any term or condition of a permit issued under those laws.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
Disburses money derived from costs and civil penalties as follows: (1) for violations related to dams and levees, both costs and civil penalties are credited to the Dam Safety Fund (Fund 6150) and (2) for violations related to water diversions and withdrawals, civil penalties are credited to the Water Management Fund (Fund 5160).	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
Fiscal effect: Potential increase in revenue to Fund 5160 and 6150.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.

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Executive	As Passed By House	In Senate Finance
DNRCD15 Lake Erie Sport Fishing District permit		
R.C. 1531.01, 1533.01, 1533.101, and 1533.38 (repealed)  Eliminates the Lake Erie Sport Fishing District permit, which the Division of Wildlife issues to nonresidents to fish in Lake Erie, its embayments, and other specified areas connected to Lake Erie between January and April.	R.C. 1531.01, 1533.01, 1533.101, and 1533.38 (repealed)  Same as the Executive.	R.C. 1531.01, 1533.01, 1533.101, and 1533.38 (repealed)  Same as the Executive.
Fiscal effect: Minimal loss of revenue deposited to the credit of the Wildlife Fund (Fund 7015). Under current law, revenue from the sale of this \$10 permit may only be used for specific purposes that benefit sport fishing in and the protection of the Lake Erie Sport Fishing District.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.
DNRCD10 Wildlife Boater Angler Fund's cap on certain expenditure	es	
R.C. 1531.35	R.C. 1531.35	R.C. 1531.35
Removes the \$500,000 cap on annual expenditures from the Wildlife Boater Angler Fund that the Division of Wildlife may make to pay for equipment and personnel costs associated with boating access improvements.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
Fiscal effect: Removing the cap on expenditures from the Wildlife Boater Angler Fund (Fund 5P20) on equipment and payroll will likely result in a small increase in overall expenditures paid from the fund. Fund 5P20 receives 0.125% of revenues from the motor vehicle fuel tax.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.

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Executive	As Passed By House	In Senate Finance	
DNRCD11 Senior deer and wild turkey fees			
R.C. 1533.11	R.C. 1533.11	R.C. 1533.11	
Decreases the fees for a senior deer permit and senior wild turkey permit, available to Ohio residents 66 and older, from \$11.50 to \$11.00. Removes superfluous definitions of "resident" and "nonresident" in the law governing deer and wild turkey permits (those definitions already exist in R.C. 1531.01 and 1533.01).	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.	
Fiscal effect: A 50¢ reduction in fees for senior deer and wild turkey permits will likely result in an annual loss of revenue of less than \$20,000. Revenue from deer and wild turkey permits is deposited to the credit of the Wildlife Fund (Fund 7015).	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	
DNRCD12 Veterans fishing and hunting benefits			
R.C. 1533.12	R.C. 1533.12	R.C. 1533.12	
Aligns state veteran fishing and hunting benefits with federal benefits by replacing a reference that qualifying for the benefit requires a veteran to have a total and permanent disability as determined by the U.S. Veterans Administration instead with a reference that a veteran qualifies if entitled to benefits under the federal Dependent's Education Assistance Program administered by the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs.	Same as the Executive.	Replaces the Executive provision with one that removes the Ohio residency requirement for a veteran who wishes to obtain a free hunting or fishing license or hunting or fishing permits. Specifies that in order to receive free licenses or permits a veteran must: (1) have a disability that has been determined by the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs to be permanently and totally disabling; (2) receive a non-service connected pension, or service connected disability compensation with entitlement to Dependents' education Assistance Benefits; and (3) have received an honorable discharge from the U.S. armed forces.	
Fiscal effect: None.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Minimal. Removing the residency requirement for veterans who are otherwise qualified to receive free	

hunting and fishing licenses may result in fewer licenses

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Executive	As Passed By House	H.B. 11 In Senate Finance
		and permits being sold, but not a significant number. This would result in some loss of revenue to the Wildlife Fund (Fund 7015). The revenue loss is likely to be minimal at most.
DNRCD35 Multi-year and lifetime hunting	and fishing license fees	
	R.C. 1533.321	R.C. 1533.321
No provision.	Decreases the following hunting and fishing fees: (1) Senior 3-year hunting or fishing license from \$27.50 to \$26.00; (2) Senior 5-year hunting or fishing license from \$45.75 to \$43.34; (3) Youth 3-year hunting license from \$27.50 to \$26.00; (4) Youth 5-year hunting license from \$45.75 to \$43.34; (5) Youth 10-year hunting license from \$91.50 to \$86.67; (6) Adult 5-year hunting license from \$86.75 to \$86.67; (7) Adult 10-year hunting license from \$173.50 to \$173.34; (8) Adult lifetime hunting license from \$450.00 to \$432.00.	Same as the House.
No provision.	Increases the following fishing fees: (1) Adult 3-year fishing license from \$52.00 to \$69.34; (2) Adult 5-year fishing license from \$86.75 to \$115.56; (3) Adult 10-year fishing license from \$173.50 to \$231.12; (4) Adult lifetime fishing license from \$450.00 to \$576.00.	Same as the House.
	Fiscal effect: The fee changes to multi-year hunting and fishing licenses provide a standardized 3.7% discount from the relative annual hunting and fishing license fees. For lifetime license fees, the bill applies the following formulas: (1) for adult lifetime hunting and fishing licenses, 24 times the annual hunting or fishing license fee, (2) for youth lifetime hunting licenses, 46 times the annual youth hunting fee, and (3) for senior lifetime hunting and fishing licenses, 9 times the annual senior hunting or fishing license fee.	Fiscal effect: Same as the House.

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	Because youth (under 16) are not required to have a fishing license, the fee for youth lifetime fishing licenses remains unchanged at \$414.00.		
DNRCD31 Fraudulent watercraft identification number or decal			
R.C. 1547.533	R.C. 1547.533	R.C. 1547.533	
Prohibits a person from operating a watercraft in Ohio if it displays an identification number or registration that is (1) fictitious, (2) a counterfeit or an unlawfully made copy of an identification number or registration decal, or (3) belongs to another watercraft. Applies the current minor misdemeanor penalty to a violation of the prohibition.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.	
Fiscal effect: Minimal.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	
DNRCD5 Reporting threshold for boating accidents			
R.C. 1547.59	R.C. 1547.59	R.C. 1547.59	
Increases the damage threshold that triggers a required watercraft accident report to the Chief of the Division of Parks and Watercraft from \$500 to \$1,000.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.	
Fiscal effect: Increasing the damage threshold for reporting watercraft accident reports may result in fewer reports being filed and a slight decrease in administrative costs paid from the Waterways Safety Fund (Fund 7086), used by DNR to cover the costs of its watercraft regulatory operations.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	

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Executive	As Passed By House	In Senate Finance
Allows an out-of-state mine foreperson, foreperson, or mine electrician who has been issued a temporary certificate to act as a foreperson or mine electrician in Ohio prior to the provision's effective date to continue to work under that temporary certificate.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
Fiscal effect: None.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.
DNRCD19 Program Support Fund		
Section: 343.20	Section: 343.20	Section: 343.20
Requires the Director of Natural Resources to use a methodology for determining each DNR division's payments into the Program Support Fund (Fund 1570). Requires the methodology used to determine the payments to contain the characteristics of administrative ease and uniform application in compliance with federal grant requirements, and allows the methodology to include direct cost charges for specific services provided. Requires payments to Fund 1570 to be made using intrastate transfer voucher. Specifies that GRF appropriation item 725401, Division of Wildlife - Operating Subsidy, be used to cover the direct and indirect costs of the Division of Wildlife.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
DNRCD20 Parks and Recreational Facilities Lease Rental Bond Pay	ments	
Section: 343.20	Section: 343.20	Section: 343.20
Requires GRF appropriation item 725413, Parks and Recreational Facilities Lease Rental Bond Payments, to be used during the FY 2022-FY 2023 biennium to make payments by DNR pursuant to leases and agreements made under RC 154.22. Specifies that these appropriations are the source of funds pledged for bond service charges on related obligations issued under Chapter 154 or the Revised Code.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.

151.05.

Executive As Passed By House In Senate Finance

**DNRCD24** Oil and Gas Well Plugging

Section: 343.30 Section: 343.30 Section: 343.30

Requires Fund 5180 appropriation item 725677, Oil and Gas Well Plugging, to be used exclusively for plugging wells and properly restoring the land surface of idle and orphan oil and gas wells pursuant to RC 1509.071. Prohibits it from being used for salaries, maintenance, equipment, or other administrative purposes, except those costs directly attributable to the plugging of an idle or orphan well. Prohibits the line item from being used to transfer cash to any other fund or appropriation item.

Same as the Executive. Same as the Executive.

DNRCD25 H2Ohio Fund

Section: 343.30 Section: 343.30 Section: 343.30

Allows the Director of DNR, on July 1, 2022, or as soon as possible thereafter, to certify to OBM an amount up to the unexpended, unencumbered balance of Fund 6H20 appropriation item 725681, H2Ohio, at the end of FY 2022 to be appropriated in FY 2023. Appropriates the certified amounts for FY 2023.

Same as the Executive, but subjects the reappropriation to Controlling Board approval.

Same as the Executive.

Same as the House.

DNRCD26 Well log filing fees

described in RC 1521.05.

Section: 343.30 Section: 343.30 Section: 343.30

Requires the Chief of the Division of Water Resources to deposit well log filing fees forwarded to the Division into the Water Management Fund (Fund 5160) for the purposes

## **DNRCD27** Parks Capital Expenses Fund

Section: 343.30

Requires that the Director of DNR submit to the Director of OBM the estimated design, engineering, and planning costs of capital related work to be done by DNR staff for parks projects within the Ohio Parks and Recreation Improvement Fund (Fund 7035). Permits the Director of DNR, if OBM approves the estimated costs, to release appropriations from Fund 7035 appropriation item C725E6, Project Planning, for those purposes. Requires DNR to pay for these expenses from the Parks Capital Expenses Fund (Fund 2270), and requires expenses paid from Fund 2270 to be reimbursed by Fund 7035 using an intrastate transfer voucher.

Section: 343.30

Same as the Executive.

As Passed By House

Section: 343.30

In Senate Finance

Same as the Executive.

## **DNRCD28** NatureWorks Capital Expenses Fund

Section: 343.30

Executive

Requires the Department of DNR to submit to the Director of OBM the estimated design, planning, and engineering costs of capital related work to be done by DNR staff for each

capital improvement project within the Ohio Parks and Natural Resources Fund (Fund 7031). Permits the Director of DNR, if OBM approves the estimated costs, to release appropriations from Fund 7031 appropriation item C725E5, Project Planning, for those purposes. Requires DNR to pay for these expenses from the Capital Expenses Fund (Fund 4S90), and requires expenses paid from Fund 4S90 to be reimbursed by Fund 7031 by using an intrastate transfer

Section: 343.30

Same as the Executive.

Section: 343.30

Same as the Executive.

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Department of Natural Resources  Main Operating Appropriations Bil  H.B. 110			
Executive	As Passed By House	In Senate Finance	
	County, and \$26,000 for a wheelchair accessible fishing pier at Sunny Lake Park in Aurora, Portage County.	Park Board Bridge Project, and \$100,000 for the Williams County West Unity Village Splash Pad. Additionally, eliminates existing S.B. 310 earmarks of \$50,000 for the Bay Village Interurban Pedestrian Bridge and \$50,000 for the Jewish Federation of Greater Dayton Nature Trail.	
No provision.	No provision.	Changes the recipient of a \$150,000 earmark from the Lancaster All Abilities Playground to the Lancaster All Accessible Sports Complex and Park.	
No provision.	Increases the amount of original obligations the Treasurer of State is authorized to issue to support the costs of Fund 7035 by \$3,000,000 to a total of \$258,000,000.	Same as the House.	
No provision.	No provision.	Amends Section 223.15 of H.B. 481 of the 133rd General Assembly to eliminate a \$130,000 earmark for Cahoon Memorial Park Improvements.	
	Fiscal effect: Same as the House.		
DNRCD38 Geneva Lodge and Conference Center ownersh	nip transfer		
No provision.	No provision.	Section: 715.20, 343.20  Requires the Director of Natural Resources to assume ownership and operation of the Geneva Lodge and Conference Center from Ashtabula County by December 31, 2021, with DNR assuming any outstanding notes, principal, or interest due on construction of the facility.	
No provision.	No provision.	Earmarks \$2,800,000 under State Park Fund (Fund 5120) appropriation item 725605, State Park Operations, over the FY 2022-FY 2023 biennium to make lease or mortgage payments for the Geneva Lodge and Conference Center (GLCC) prior to and upon execution of the agreement to assume ownership and operation of GLCC.	

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DPSCD56 Alternate use of funding for Guernsey County capital pr	roject funding		
		Section: 520.10	
No provision.	No provision.	Allows for \$25,000 that was previously distributed to Guernsey County under Administrative Building Fund (Fund 7026) appropriation item C76027, Southeast Ohio Emergency Responder Facility, in H.B. 562 of the 127th General Assembly to instead be used by Guernsey County to support the Deerassic Park Education Center.	